

BIG GAME

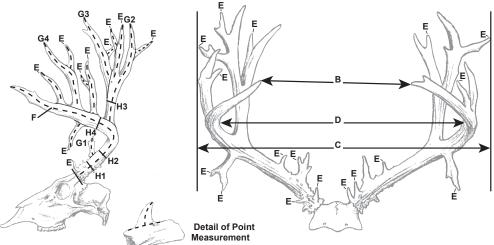


RECORDS



POPE AND YOUNG CLUB®

OFFICIAL SCORING SYSTEM FOR BOWHUNTING **NORTH AMERICAN BIG GAME TROPHIES**



NON-TYPICAL MULE DEER AND BLACKTAIL DEER

(CHECK ONE): MINIMUM **SCORES**

☐ mule deer 170 (12 4/8)

☐ Columbian blacktail 115 (10) ☐ Sitka blacktail 85 (5)

☐ Velvet

Right Antler

ABNORMAL POINTS

Left Antler

	E H1	Detail of Point Measurement	E	→			
	SEE C	THER SIDE FOR SCORING INSTR	RUCTIONS				
BELOW DATA	(A, B, & C) DO NOT (CALCULATE IN THE FINAL SCORE BUT ARE RI	EQUIRED				
A. No. Points o	n Right Antler	No. Points on Left Antler					
B. Tip to Tip S	pread	C. Greatest Spread		SUBTOTALS			
				E. TOTAL			
D. Inside Spread of		SPREAD CREDIT (May Equal B	Spread Credit	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	
Main Beams		Not Exceed Longer MAIN BEAM)		Right Antler	Left Antler	Difference	
F. Length of Ma	in Beam						
G-1. Length of First Point, If Present							
G-2. Length of	Second Point						
G-3. Length of	Third Point, If Presen	t					
G-4. Length of	Fourth Point						
H-1. Circumfer							
H-2. Circumfer							
H-3. Circumfere							
H-4. Circumfer							
		TOTALS	S				
	Spread Credit	Exact Locality Where Killed:*	Exact Locality Where Killed:* County:				
ADD TOGETHER:	Column 1	Hunter (Legal Name):	Legal Name):				
	Column 2	Address:	::			Telephone #:	
	Subtotal City State:					Zip:	
SUBTRACT:	Column 3	Hunter's Email:	Hunter's Email:				
Subtotal		Remarks (Mention Any Abnormali	Remarks (Mention Any Abnormalities or Unique Qualities):				
	Add Line E Total						
FINAL SCORE		Pope and Young Club [®] Official Meas	Pope and Young Club [®] Official Measurer Email:				
			Pope and Young Club [®] Official Measur				

No part of this scoring system may be altered in any way. No part of this score chart may be altered or copied without express written permission from the Pope and Young Club. A score chart is not authenticated until signed and dated by a certified Pope and Young Club Official Measurer. No scores are official Pope and Young scores until verified and the trophy is accepted by the Pope and Young Club. All trophy entries into the Pope and Young Club's Awards Programs are subject to verification.

I,		, co	ertify that I h		
PRINT N	IAME				MM/DD/YYYYY
at					
STREET AD	DRESS		CITY STATE/PROVING		ZIP CODE
and that these measurements and d	ata are, to the best of my	knowledg	e and belief,	made in accordance with the in	structions given.
Witness:	Si	gnature:			
TO MEASURER'S	SIGNATURE		P&Y OFFICIAL MEASURER		
				ADDRESS	
			CITY	STATE/PROVINCE	ZIP

Mail To: Pope and Young Club ■ P.O. Box 548, Chatfield, MN 55923 ■ (507) 867-4144 ■ www.pope-young.org

BRIEF INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEASURING NON-TYPICAL MULE AND BLACKTAIL DEER

Measurements must be made with a flexible steel tape or steel cable and recorded to the nearest one-eighth of an inch. To simplify addition, please enter fractional figures in eighths and in proper fractions. Refer to **P & Y Measurer's Manual** for a detailed description of measuring procedures.

- **A. Number of Points on each antler.** To be counted a point, a projection must be at least one inch long AND, at some location at least one inch from the tip, the length of the projection must exceed its width. Beam tip is counted as a point but not measured as a point.
- **B. Tip to Tip Spread** is measured between tips of main beams.
- **C. Greatest Spread** is measured between perpendiculars at a right angle to the center line of the skull at widest part whether across main beams or points.
- **D. Inside Spread of Main Beam** is measured at a right angle to the center line of the skull at widest point between main beams. Enter this measurement again in "Spread Credit" column if it is less than or equal to the length of longer main beam. If greater, enter longer main beam length for Spread Credit.
- **E. Total of Length of Abnormal Points.** Abnormal points are generally considered to be those non-typical in location (such as points originating from a point or from bottom or sides of main beam). Sketch all abnormal points on antler illustration (front of form) showing location and length. Measure in usual manner and enter in appropriate blanks.
- **F. Length of Main Beam** is measured from the center of the lowest outside edge of burr over outer curve to the most distant point of the main beam. Begin measuring at the location on the burr where the center line along the outer curve of the beam intersects the burr.
- **G-1-2-3-4. Length of Normal Points.** Normal points are the brow points and the upper and lower forks as shown in illustration. They are measured from top edge of beam (baseline), over outer curve, to tip: with the exception of the G-3, which is measured from a baseline established along the edge of the G-2 point. To establish the appropriate baseline, lay a tape or (preferably) a cable on the top edge of the beam on each side of the point and draw a line under the cable to reflect the top edge of the beam as if the point was not present. Record point lengths in appropriate blanks.
- **H-1-2-3-4. Circumferences.** Circumferences are taken at the smallest place between corresponding normal points, as illustrated. If first point is missing, take H-1 and H-2 at smallest place between burr and second point. If third point is missing, take H-3 halfway between the base and tip of the second point. If the fourth point is missing, take H-4 halfway between the center of the baseline for the second point and tip of main beam. Circumference measurements must be taken with a steel tape (a cable cannot be used for these measurements).

ENTRY REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Original scoring form completed by an Official Measurer of the Pope & Young Club or the Boone & Crockett Club.
- 2. Completed Fair Chase Affidavit.
- **3. Three photos of antiers, horns, or skull** (a view from the front side, a view from the left side and a view from the right side). A field photo is also requested, if possible.
- **4. \$40.00 recording fee** (made payable to the Pope and Young Club)

Drying Period: To be eligible for entry in the Pope & Young Records, a trophy must first have been stored under normal room temperature and humidity for at least 60 days after date of kill. No trophy will be considered which has been altered in any way from its natural state.